# The Evolving Role of Independent Drug Value Assessments

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## What's on the Horizon?



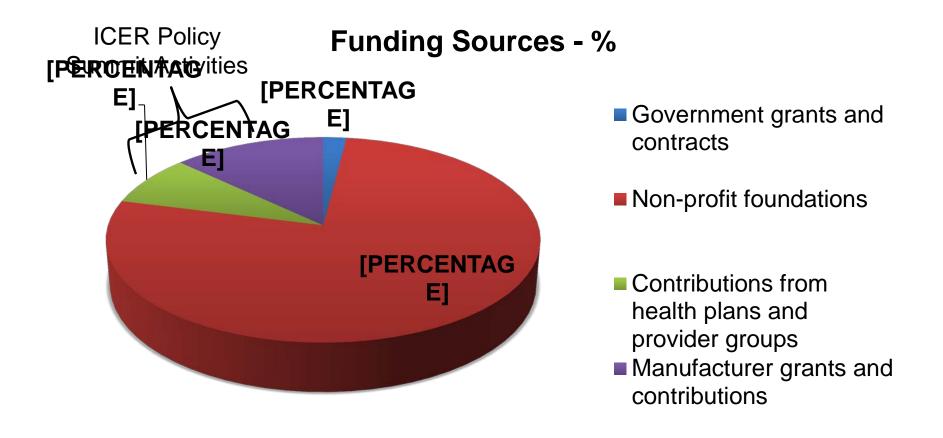
## Institute for Clinical and Economic Review (ICER)

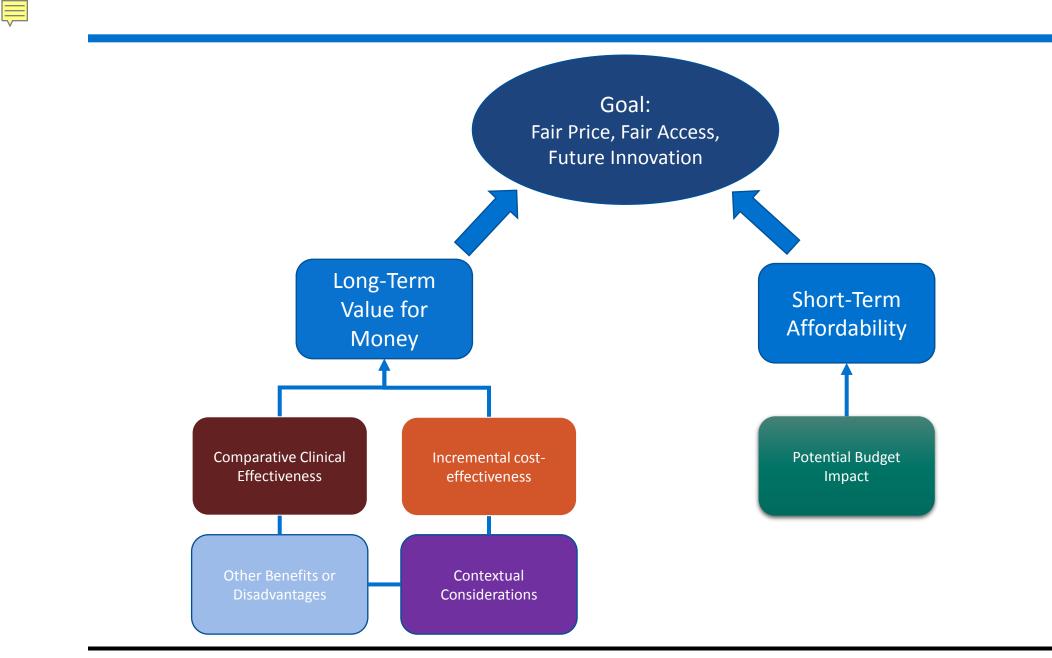
- Independent health technology assessment group whose reviews are funded by non-profit foundations
- Develop publicly available value assessment reports on medical tests, treatments, and delivery system innovations
- Use cost-effectiveness analysis to determine value-based price benchmarks
- Convene regional independent appraisal committees for public hearings on each report

#### **Independent Appraisal Committees**



### **Sources of Funding, 2019**

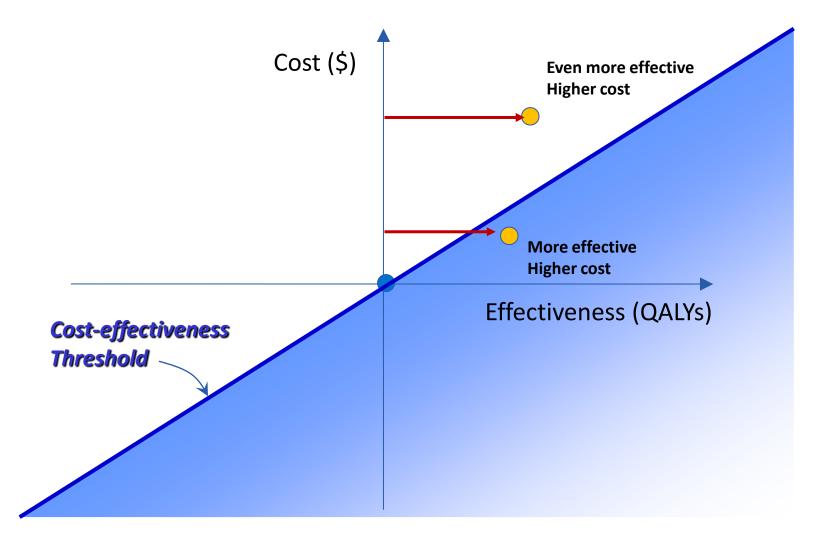




#### **ICER's Value-based Price Benchmarks**

#### **Determining value-based price benchmarks**

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## **ICER's Value-based Price Benchmarks (2018)**

Drug category	Recommended Discount*		Recommende Discount*	
Luxturna for childhood blindness	50-75%	Apalutamide, Xtandi, Abiraterone for prostate cancer	0% (apalutamid	
Kymriah (CAR-T) for ALL	0%	Psoriasis IL-23s and Cimzia	37%-57%	
Yescarta (CAR-T) for NHL	28%-11%	Inotersen, patisiran (amyloidosis)	s) 90%-95% 28%-68%	
Hemlibra for hemophilia A	Cost-saving	Hereditary Angioedema		
Cystic Fibrosis	72%-77%	Opioid Use Disorder (new agents)	53%-69%	
CGRPs for migraine prevention	25%-46%	Eosinophilic asthma biologics	62%-80%	
Elagolix for endometriosis	15%-25%			

\* For new drugs, discount from list price needed to meet common thresholds of costeffectiveness. For drugs already in use, discount is from **post-rebate price** 

# **2019 update on use of ICER assessments**

- For policy makers: independent evaluation of value and suggested value-based prices figure in multiple proposals
- For drug makers and payers: helps negotiation over prices in conjunction with appropriate access
- For payers and provider groups: helps guide coverage decisions and pricing negotiations

## **Use of ICER Assessments: Drug Makers and Payers**

• Dupixent for severe atopic dermatitis, 2017

#### • Praluent for high cholesterol, 2018

- New data shared with ICER before public release
- ICER updated its value-based price benchmarks
- Drug makers commit publicly to ICER price range in conjunction with "streamlined" access from payers
- Express Scripts and drug makers announce a deal

#### • Sharing of data pre-FDA approval

## **Use of ICER Assessments: Payers and Providers**

## • Medicaid programs: New York

- 2017 law establishing drug spend target
- If spending ahead of trend allowed to identify drugs for evaluation of value
- If companies and Medicaid cannot come to agreement on lower price Medicaid can trigger public process to determine specific target price for supplemental rebate
- 2018 experience and Orkambi

# **Threshold Price Analysis for Orkambi**

Annual cost at WAC	Annual Price to Achieve						
	\$50,000 /QALY	\$100,000 /QALY	\$150,000 /QALY	\$200,000 /QALY	\$300,000 /QALY	\$500,000 /QALY	
\$272,886	\$58,790	\$70,991	\$83,193	\$95,394	\$119,797	\$168,604	

• New York Medicaid DURB deliberation and vote

# **Use of ICER Assessments**

- Medicaid programs
- VA
  - Monthly calls to debrief reports and potential applications
  - Pipeline discussion
  - Development of VA budget impact threshold
- Private payers and PBMs

## **Use of ICER Assessments: Payers**

- Ongoing use by most payers to inform internal process
- CVS new benefit design for self-insured employers
  - Newly launched drugs, breakthrough drugs excluded
  - After negotiation, drugs that fail to reach a cost-effectiveness level of \$100K/QALY (top of \$50-100K/QALY range) can be designated a non-covered benefit
- Experience to date: ?
- Push-back against CVS benefit design

#### March 2019: Systematic Application of Value Assessment in Benefit Designs and Payment Policy



- <u>Option 1 (private payers):</u> **Special tier, step therapy, or exclusion** for drugs whose best negotiated price remains above the value-based price benchmark; can be woven into rebate-free formulary structure
- Option 2 (private or public payers): Include drugs on formulary but only pay up to the value-based price benchmark
- Option 3 (public payers): Allow CMS and/or Part D plans to negotiate with price arbitration fallback; value assessment reports used to create spectrum for proposals or as part of proposals to arbitrator
- All options could be used for "all" drugs or only a subset

## **Other initiatives at ICER in 2019**

- Unsupported Price Increase (UPI) Report
- "Valuing a Cure" Methods Development Project
- ICER Evidence Compendium™

### **ICER Evidence Compendium™ under development**

Medicine	Condition	Date of Review	Annual List Price (WAC)	Price Needed to Achieve \$150K per QALY	Price Needed to Achieve \$100K per QALY	Price Needed to Achieve \$50K per QALY	Discounts Needed to Achieve \$150K/100K/50K per QALY Thresholds
Praluent®	High Cholesterol	Nov-15	\$14,350	\$7,700	\$5,400	\$3,200	46% / 62% / 78%
Repatha®	High Cholesterol	Nov-15	\$14,350	\$7,700	\$5,400	\$3,200	46% / 62% / 78%
Nucala®	Asthma	Mar-16	\$32,500	\$12,100	\$7,800	\$3,500	63% / 76% / 89%
Tresiba®	Diabetes Mellitus	Mar-16	\$7,800	\$7,200	\$7,000	\$6,900	8% / 10% / 12%
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## Conclusion

- What is the role of independent drug assessment reports in 2019?
  - Poised for further systematic application to formularies and benefit designs, with additional innovative approaches seeing initial pilots
  - Applications by public insurers and the VA expected to continue/grow
  - As gene therapy at >\$1-2M arrives, public and political interest in value-based pricing will continue to gain momentum
  - With increased use and interest will come increased push-back
  - As 2020 nears many policymakers will see value-based pricing as a core component of efforts to address drug pricing and value